

## Result for the Groups $\mathcal{SL}(2,23)$ and $\mathcal{SL}(2,29)$

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### Abstract:

A collection of  $(n \times n)$  not-sole matrices on  $F$  domain this collection combine a group beneath process of matrix multiply invited the general linear group of measure  $n$  on domain  $F$ , indicate  $GL(n, F)$ . The kernel of a homomorphism of  $GL(n, F)$  to  $F^*$  is the special linear group and indicate by  $\mathcal{SL}(n, F)$  is the determinant of these matrices, and this homomorphism. Thus  $\mathcal{SL}(n, F)$  contains all matrices of determinant one which is the subgroup of  $GL(n, F)$ .

The objective of the study is to find the Artin directrix (A.d.) for the groups  $\mathcal{SL}(2,23)$  and  $\mathcal{SL}(2,29)$  from written the rational valued characters (r.v.ch.) of the rational representations (r.r.) as a linear combination of the induced characters (in.ch.) for these groups.

**Keywords:** Artin directrix, induced characters table, special linear group.

### 1-Introduction

Seeker in [1] realizes the representation of the group. The (c.h.t.) character table of (r.r.) for the group  $\mathcal{SL}(2, p)$  studied in [2,3]. Authors in [4] survey the (c.h.t.) of (r.r.) of the groups  $\mathcal{SL}(2,23)$  and  $\mathcal{SL}(2,29)$ , in this work we compute the (A.d.) for these groups by apply the same idea in [5]. While the authors in [6-9] compute the (A.d.) for different groups.

## 2- Primary Notions

**Theorem 2.1:** [1]

$$|\mathcal{SL}(2, q^n)| = q^n (q^{2n} - 1)$$

**Definition 2.2:** [2]

Let H be a cyclic subgroup of a group G, and  $\phi$  be a class function of H. Then

$$\phi \uparrow^G = \frac{|C_G(g)|}{|C_H(g)|} \sum_{i=1}^m \phi(x_i)$$

**Definition 2.3:** [3]

The Artin character is the (in.ch.) from the p.ch. of cyclic subgroups of the group.

**Definition 2.4:** [3]

For a finite group G and  $\chi$  any (r.v.ch.). (A.d.) is the little positive number  $n$ ,

$$n\chi = \sum_c a_c \phi_c, \in \mathbb{Z}, \phi_c$$

Artin character and indicate A(G).

## 3- The Results with their Discussion

### 3.1 The Result for the group $\mathcal{SL}(2,23)$

From [4] the (c.h.t.) of (r.r.) of the groups  $\mathcal{SL}(2,23)$  is

**Table 1.** The (c.h.t.) of (r.r.) of the groups  $\mathcal{SL}(2,23)$

$C_g$	1	z	c	zc	a	a <sup>2</sup>	b	b <sup>2</sup>	b <sup>3</sup>	b <sup>4</sup>	b <sup>6</sup>	b <sup>7</sup>
$ C_g $	1	1	264	264	552	552	552	552	552	552	552	552
$ C_G(g) $	12144	12144	46	46	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
$1_G$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
$\Psi$	23	23	0	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	0
$\chi_{1+} \chi_{3+} \chi_{5+} \chi_{7+} \chi_9$	120	-120	5	-5	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\chi_{2+} \chi_{4+} \chi_{6+} \chi_{8+} \chi_{10}$	120	120	5	5	-1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\theta_{1+} \theta_{5+} \theta_{7+} \theta_{11}$	88	-88	-4	4	0	0	0	0	0	-4	0	4
$\theta_{2+} \theta_{10}$	44	44	-2	-2	0	0	0	-2	0	2	4	2
$\theta_{3+} \theta_9$	44	-44	-2	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	-4
$\theta_4$	22	22	-1	-1	0	0	-1	1	2	1	-2	1
$\theta_6$	22	22	-1	-1	0	0	0	2	0	-2	2	-2
$\theta_8$	22	22	-1	-1	0	0	1	1	-2	1	-2	1
$\xi_1 + \xi_2$	24	-24	1	-1	-2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\eta_1 + \eta_2$	22	22	-1	-1	0	0	2	-2	2	-2	-2	-2

The (in.ch.) table is:

**Table 2.** The (in.ch.) table for  $\mathcal{SL}(2,23)$

$C_g$	1	$z$	$c$	$zc$	$a$	$a^2$	$b$	$b^2$	$b^3$	$b^4$	$b^6$	$b^7$
$ C_g $	1	1	264	264	552	552	552	552	552	552	552	552
$ C_G(g) $	12144	12144	46	46	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
$\Phi_1$	12144	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\Phi_2$	6072	6072	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\Phi_3$	528	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\Phi_4$	264	792	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\Phi_5$	552	1104	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\Phi_6$	1104	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\Phi_7$	506	1012	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
$\Phi_8$	1012	2024	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0
$\Phi_9$	1518	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0
$\Phi_{10}$	2024	4048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
$\Phi_{11}$	3036	6072	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
$\Phi_{12}$	506	1012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

Hence,

$$1 = 0.5\Phi_{12} + 0.5\Phi_{11} + 0.5\Phi_{10} + 0.1666666667\Phi_9 + 0.25\Phi_8 + 0.5\Phi_7 + 0.5\Phi_6 + 0.5\Phi_5 + 0.3333333333\Phi_4 - 1.217555995\Phi_2 + 0.2416831358\Phi_1,$$

$$\Psi = -0.5\Phi_{11} - 0.5\Phi_{10} - 0.1666666667\Phi_9 + 0.25\Phi_8 + 0.5\Phi_7 + 0.5\Phi_6 + 0.5\Phi_5 + 0.3333333333\Phi_4 - 0.5\Phi_3 + 0.869400527\Phi_2 - 0.2156620553\Phi_1,$$

$$\chi_1 + \chi_3 + \chi_5 + \chi_7 + \chi_9 = -0.5\Phi_6 + 0.5\Phi_5 - 1.6666666667\Phi_4 + 5\Phi_3 + 0.1067193676\Phi_2 - 0.2019104084\Phi_1,$$

$$\chi_2 + \chi_4 + \chi_6 + \chi_8 + \chi_{10} = -0.5\Phi_6 - 0.5\Phi_5 + 1.6666666667\Phi_4 + 0.2885375494\Phi_2 - 0.1024374177\Phi_1,$$

$$\theta_1 + \theta_5 + \theta_7 + \theta_{11} = 2\Phi_{12} - 2\Phi_{10} + 1.3333333333\Phi_4 - 4\Phi_3 + 1.108036891\Phi_2 - 0.1518445325\Phi_1,$$

$$\theta_2 + \theta_{10} = \Phi_{12} + 2\Phi_{11} + \Phi_{10} - 0.6666666667\Phi_4 - 2.739130435\Phi_2 + 0.6793478262\Phi_1,$$

$$\theta_3 + \theta_9 = -2\Phi_{12} - 2\Phi_{10} + 0.6666666667\Phi_4 - 2\Phi_3 + 1.572463768\Phi_2 - 0.2934782608\Phi_1,$$

$$\theta_4 = 0.5\Phi_{12} - \Phi_{11} + 0.5\Phi_{10} + 0.3333333333\Phi_9 + 0.25\Phi_8 - 0.5\Phi_7 - 0.3333333333\Phi_4 + 0.6304347826\Phi_2 - 0.2019927536\Phi_1,$$

$$\theta_6 = -\Phi_{12} + \Phi_{11} - \Phi_{10} + 0.5\Phi_8 - 0.3333333333\Phi_4 - 0.2862318841\Phi_2 + 0.06884057973\Phi_1,$$

$$\theta_8 = 0.5\Phi_{12} - \Phi_{11} + 0.5\Phi_{10} - 0.3333333333\Phi_9 + 0.25\Phi_8 + 0.5\Phi_7 - 0.3333333333\Phi_4 + 0.4637681159\Phi_2 - 0.0769927536\Phi_1,$$

$$\xi_1 + \xi_2 = \Phi_6 - \Phi_5 - 0.3333333333 \Phi_4 + \Phi_3 + 0.2213438735 \Phi_2 - 0.1903820817 \Phi_1,$$

$$\eta_1 + \eta_2 = -\Phi_{12} - \Phi_{11} - \Phi_{10} + 0.3333333333 \Phi_9 - 0.5\Phi_8 + \Phi_7 - 0.3333333333 \Phi_4 + 1.547101449 \Phi_2 - 0.3478260868 \Phi_1.$$

Therefore  $\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{SL}(2,23)) = 12144\chi_1$ .

### 3.2 The Result for the group $\mathcal{SL}(2,29)$

From [4] the (c.h.t.) of (r.r.) of the groups  $\mathcal{SL}(2,29)$  is

**Table 3.** The (c.h.t.) of (r.r.) of the groups  $\mathcal{SL}(2,29)$

$C_g$	1	$z$	$c$	$zc$	$a$	$a^2$	$a^4$	$b$	$b^2$	$b^3$	$b^6$
$ C_g $	1	1	420	420	870	870	870	812	812	812	812
$ C_G(g) $	24360	24360	58	58	28	28	28	30	30	30	30
$1_G$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
$\Psi$	29	29	0	0	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
$\chi_1 + \chi_3 + \chi_5 + \chi_9 + \chi_{11} + \chi_{13}$	180	-180	6	-6	0	2	-2	0	0	0	0
$\chi_2 + \chi_4 + \chi_6 + \chi_8 + \chi_{10} + \chi_{12}$	180	180	6	6	0	-2	-2	0	0	0	0
$\chi_7$	30	-30	1	-1	0	-2	2	0	0	0	0
$\theta_1 + \theta_3 + \theta_7 + \theta_9 + \theta_{11} + \theta_{13}$	168	-168	-6	6	0	0	0	0	0	-3	3
$\theta_2 + \theta_4 + \theta_6 + \theta_8 + \theta_{12} + \theta_{14}$	168	168	-6	-6	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
$\theta_5$	28	-28	-1	1	0	0	0	-1	1	2	-2
$\theta_{10}$	28	28	-1	-1	0	0	0	1	1	-2	-2
$\xi_1 + \xi_2$	30	30	1	1	-2	2	2	0	0	0	0
$\eta_1 + \eta_2$	28	-28	-1	1	0	0	0	2	-2	2	-2

The (in.ch.) table is:

**Table 4.** The (in.ch.) table for  $\mathcal{SL}(2,29)$

$C_g$	1	$z$	$c$	$zc$	$a$	$a^2$	$a^4$	$b$	$b^2$	$b^3$	$b^6$
$ C_g $	1	1	420	420	870	870	870	812	812	812	812
$ C_G(g) $	24360	24360	58	58	28	28	28	30	30	30	30
$\Phi_1$	24360	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\Phi_2$	12180	12180	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\Phi_3$	840	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\Phi_4$	420	1260	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\Phi_5$	870	1740	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\Phi_6$	1740	3480	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0
$\Phi_7$	870	1740	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
$\Phi_8$	812	1624	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
$\Phi_9$	1624	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
$\Phi_{10}$	2436	4872	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0
$\Phi_{11}$	1624	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

Hence,

$$1 = 0.5 \Phi_{11} + 0.1666666667 \Phi_{10} + 0.5 \Phi_9 + 0.5 \Phi_8 + 0.5 \Phi_7 + 0.25 \Phi_6 + 0.5 \Phi_5 + 0.3333333333 \Phi_4 - 0.3820197044 \Phi_2 - 0.3502873563 \Phi_1,$$

$$\Psi = -0.5 \Phi_{11} - 0.1666666667 \Phi_{10} - 0.5 \Phi_9 - 0.5 \Phi_8 + 0.5 \Phi_7 + 0.25 \Phi_6 + 0.5 \Phi_5 + 0.2071428571 \Phi_2 - 0.05595238093 \Phi_1,$$

$$\chi_1 + \chi_3 + \chi_5 + \chi_9 + \chi_{11} + \chi_{13} = -\Phi_7 + 0.5 \Phi_6 - 2 \Phi_4 + 6 \Phi_3 + 0.1921182266 \Phi_2 - 0.2610837438 \Phi_1,$$

$$\chi_2 + \chi_4 + \chi_6 + \chi_8 + \chi_{10} + \chi_{12} = -\Phi_7 - 0.5 \Phi_6 - 2 \Phi_4 + 0.09359605911 \Phi_2 - 0.002463054186 \Phi_1,$$

$$\chi_7 = \Phi_7 - 0.5 \Phi_6 - 0.3333333333 \Phi_4 + \Phi_3 + 0.03201970443 \Phi_2 - 0.009031198685 \Phi_1,$$

$$\theta_1 + \theta_3 + \theta_7 + \theta_9 + \theta_{11} + \theta_{13} = 1.5 \Phi_{11} - 0.5 \Phi_{10} + 2 \Phi_4 - 6 \Phi_3 - 0.02068965517 \Phi_2 + 0.1689655172 \Phi_1,$$

$$\theta_2 + \theta_4 + \theta_6 + \theta_8 + \theta_{12} + \theta_{14} = 1.5 \Phi_{11} + 0.5 \Phi_{10} - 2 \Phi_4 + 0.02068965517 \Phi_2 - 0.1196551724 \Phi_1,$$

$$\theta_5 = -\Phi_{11} + 0.3333333333 \Phi_{10} + 0.5 \Phi_9 - 0.5 \Phi_8 + 0.3333333333 \Phi_4 - \Phi_3 + 0.1034482759 \Phi_2 - 0.005172413812 \Phi_1,$$

$$\theta_{10} = -\Phi_{11} - 0.3333333333 \Phi_{10} + 0.5 \Phi_9 + 0.5 \Phi_8 - 0.3333333333 \Phi_4 + 0.1034482759 \Phi_2 + 0.005172413774 \Phi_1,$$

$$\xi_1 + \xi_2 = \Phi_7 + 0.5 \Phi_6 - \Phi_5 + 0.3333333333 \Phi_4 - 0.1748768473 \Phi_2 + 0.04720853859 \Phi_1,$$

$$\eta_1 + \eta_2 = -\Phi_{11} + 0.3333333333 \Phi_{10} - \Phi_9 + \Phi_8 + 0.3333333333 \Phi_4 - \Phi_3 - 0.3034482759 \Phi_2 - 0.2482758621 \Phi_1.$$

Therefore  $\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{SL}(2,29)) = 24360\chi_1$ .

#### 4- Conclusion

In this paper, we compute the (A.d.) for the groups  $\mathcal{SL}(2,23)$  and  $\mathcal{SL}(2,29)$  from (r.v.ch.) of (r.r).

#### Conflicts Of Interest

No conflicts in this paper of interest.

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